### Preparation Phase

جلسه پنجم- مبانی طراحی محیطی، نظریه و روشها فروردین ماه 1399 Foreword by S. Rick Fedrizzi President, CEO, and Preventing Characteria U.S. Green Building Council

### The Integrative Design Guide to Green Building



#### 7group and Bill Reed

Zgroup Is JOHN BOECKER, SCOT HORST, TOM KEITER ANDREW LAU, MARCUS SHEFFER, and BRIAN TOEVS



## Preparation Phase



#### Stage A.1

#### **Research and Analysis: Preparation**

#### A.1.0 Prepare Proposal A

Establish scope and fees for initial Goal-Setting Workshop

#### A.1.1 Fundamental Research for Workshop No. 1

- Site selection: Assess optional sites (if not already selected)
- Context: Identify base ecological conditions and perform preliminary analysis of the four key subsystems:
- Habitat
- Water
- Energy
- Materials
- Stakeholders: Identify key stakeholders—social and ecological
- Program: Develop initial functional programmatic requirements

#### A.1.2 Principles and Measurement

Select rating system and performance measurement criteria

#### A.1.3 Cost Analysis

Prepare integrative cost-bundling framework template

#### A.1.4 Schedule and Fees

- Develop a scheduling template—a *Road Map*—for assigning tasks
- Prepare Agenda for Workshop No. 1

## Preparation of proposal A



-Proposal A: Selected key consultants or team members are asked to submit a fee only for participating in the initial goalsetting workshop and preparing the background research needed.

-Proposal B: With clearer understanding of scope and schedule, all team members can now assign more accurate fees to the tasks required for the remainder of the project.

Fundamental Research for workshop No. 1

- Site selection
- Stakeholders Selection
- Developing Functional Programs
- Context (Habitat, Water, Energy, Materials)

### Site Selection Criteria

- Sensitive land protection: Avoid building on the following sites:
  - Prime farmland
  - Floodplains
  - Habitat for endangered and threatened species
  - Close proximity to wetlands and water body
- High-Priority site: Building on areas with development constraints and promote the health of the surrounding area:
  - Historic District
  - Priority Designation
  - Brown Field Remediation
- Building in dense areas with diverse uses
- Building close to public transportation/ bicycle network.





## Context

• This is the beginning of an iterative process- a living research document that evolves with deepening understanding of what is needed to sustain the health of the systems that support life in this place.

Two Potential tracks to address:

**1- Reduce Consumption** 

2- Restore the health of the key living systems that the project is influences and is a part of.



		Actions to protect your nealth from pollution	
Air Quality Index	Descriptor	Ozone	Particulate matter
0 to 50	Good	None	None
51 to 100	Moderate	Unusually sensitive people should consider reducing prolonged or heavy outdoor activity	Unusually sensitive people should consider reducing prolonged or heavy activity
101 to 150	Unhealthy for sensitive groups	The following groups should reduce prolonged or heavy outdoor activity: People with lung disease (e.g., asthma) Children and older adults	The following groups should reduce prolonged or heavy outdoor activity: People with heart or lung disease Children and older adults
		People who are active outdoors	Everyone else should limit prolonged or heavy activity
151 to 200	Unhealthy	The following groups should avoid prolonged or heavy outdoor activity:	The following groups should avoid all physical activity outdoors:
		People with lung disease (e.g., asthma)	People with heart or lung disease
		Children and older adults	Children and older adults
		People who are active outdoors	Everyone else should avoid prolonged or heavy activity
		Everyone else should limit prolonged outdoor activity	
201 to 300	Very unhealthy	The following groups should avoid all outdoor activity: People with lung disease (e.g., asthma) Children and older adults	The following groups should remain indoors and keep activity levels low: People with heart or lung disease Children and older adults
		Children and older addits	Everyone else should avoid all physical activity outdoors
		Feople who are active outdoors	
		everyone else should limit outdoor activity	

## Habitat

Research outdoor air quality issues

## Habitat

- Investigate human, earth, and biotic systems to understand the patterns of place
- Research both ecological systems (geohydrology, soils, local habitat, etc) and social systems (history, settlement patterns, etc.)













### Community and watershed Livingsystem patterns

- Have a team member (e.g. system ecologist, permaculturist, biologist, ...) present to the team an assessment of site and neighborhood interrelationships.
- **Permaculture** is a system of agricultural and social design principles centered around simulating or directly utilizing the patterns and features observed in natural ecosystems.
- By understanding the patterns of living systems and how they worked in the past, we can look to create, or rediscover, potentially healthier and mutually beneficial future relationships between the site's habitat and cultural aspects, building occupants, visiting users, the community, and the watershed.



### Water

- Gather the following basic data
  - Annual rainfall
  - Average monthly rainfall
  - location of sewage treatment plan facilities (map and distance from site)
  - Water sources
  - Groundwater depth and flow at site
  - Average water treatment cost
  - Quality of the groundwater
  - Average potable water supply cost
- Investigate water flows, water quality, conservation methods, topography, geohydrology, soils, wetlands, adjacent bodies of water.
- Research rainfall rates and perform a basic water-balance study.





## Energy

- Understand the climate of the place; gather available climatic data:
  - -solar and wind capacity
  - -Heating degree days
  - -Cooling degree days
  - -Windrose...
- Investigate Energy sources, microclimates, utility providers, potential financial incentives, ...



### Degree-Days Heating/Cooling



Sep Nov

www.ersys.com



## Energy

- Understand the building's likely distribution of energy consumption by end use
- produce base-case energy model









## Energy-Building Massing Model

- Initial evaluation of potential overall energy strategies:
  - -solar orientation
  - -Insulation values
  - -Window performance levels

### • Initial modeling iterations could include:

- -Building-rotation evaluations
- -Walls and roof R-value
- -window-size variations

-window evaluations with performance criteria for both solar heat gain coefficients and overall U-values

-A matrix that shows the differences in energy use for each of the above envelope performance parameter levels. -Report results in kBTU/square foot/year.



- Prescriptive code: based on codes (AShRAE 90.1- California 2001)
- Performance code: based on Similar buildings- using Target Finder tool).



#### Target

Energy

You can choose either a Target ENERGY STAR Score or a Target % Better than Median to see how much energy your property would need to be consuming annually to reach your target. If you have estimated your property's annual consumption, you can compare this against your target.

- Target ENERGY STAR Score
  - 75 (1-100)



This is calculated based on the median property. For example, you might like your property to be 20% better than a typical property of the same type.

ENERGY STAR Scores are not available for every type of property because of availability of reliable reference information.

## Materials

- Identify local building materials
- Identify alternative and indigenous building materials and building techniques used historically in the place.
- Identify local recycling infrastructure to determine capabilities for recycling construction and demolition waste.
- Research potential for obtaining life cycle inventory data for various likely materials.



## Stakeholders

- Include everyone early- 70% of the decisions associated with environmental impacts are made during the first 10% of the design process
- Select the right team members based on expertise
- Recognize where additional expertise may be needed
- For advanced whole-systems approach additional expertise may include: a systems ecologist, geohydrologist, restoration biologist, community facilitator, social historian, etc.



### Functional Program

Develop initial functional programming requirements (briefing package):

- Basic areas
- Functions
- Proximities
- Adjacencies



## Think about Joint Use of Facilities!

Think about ways to integrate the school with the community by sharing the building and its playing fields for non-school events and functions. **Option 1.** make building space open to general public

**Option 2.** Contract with specific organizations to share some building spaces

**Option 3.** Use shared spaces owned by other organizations



Other Activities During the Preparation Phase

- Selecting Principles & Measurement systems
- Cost Analysis
- Determining Schedule & fees



## Principles and Measurements

 Select rating system and performance measurement criteria

-LEED

-Green Globes -LivingBuilding Challenge -Labs21 -Ecological footprint -CO2 balancing -Life cycle assessment (LCA) -BREEAM (UK)

### Cost Analysis/Schedule & Fees

 Prepare integrative cost-bundling framework template

-A framework of costs listed or grouped by broad functions.

• Develop a scheduling template- a road map- for assigning tasks.

-The detailed scope of integrative design work (interactions and tasks) for the project

-The issues that will need to be addressed

-The specific tasks and interactions between team members. So that proposal B can be written more accurately and fairly.



# Prepare Agenda for workshop No. 1

- Include input from the primary team members
- Could be accomplished by scheduling a conference call
- Slavish adherence to established agenda activities and time frames can stifle valuable discussions.
- "Follow the energy in the room."
- Establish and outline the purpose and objectives of the workshop.





Questions to Consider for writing the Reflections:



1- FOR ONE OF THE DISCUSSED SUBSYSTEMS (HABITAT, ENERGY, WATER, MATERIALS) PERFORM THE STEPS DESCRIBED IN THIS SESSION ON YOUR STUDIO PROJECT. SUBMIT YOUR REFLECTION ON THE ACTIVITY & SUPPORTING MATERIALS.